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演習第五

In the following, we use the notation for regular expressions as described in Lecture 5. More specifically, $|$ stands for union, $*$ stands for zero or any repetition of the block, and we write letters just as letters.

1. Prove or disprove the following assertions to be true:
 - (1) The language generated by Λ^* is empty.
 - (2) $baaa \in L((a|b)^*(a|bb))$
 - (3) $L((ab|ba)^*) = L((ab|ba)^*|(ab|ba)^*)$
2.
 - (1) Provide a regular expression for the language $L = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, 4 \text{ divides } |w|\}$.
 - (2) Find a regular expression corresponding to the language L of all strings over the alphabet $\{a, b\}$ that contain exactly two occurrences of the substring aaa (e.g., $aaaaaa$, $aaababaaa$, $abaaabbbaaaba \in L$ but $baaababa$, $bb \notin L$).
 - (3) Find a regular expression corresponding to the language L of all strings over the alphabet $\{a, b\}$ that do not start with bb .
3. Construct a deterministic finite automaton accepting the language generated by the regular expression $(a|b)^*b(a|b)(a|b)$.